Semester:	7				
Course Code:	ENCM 41783				
Course Name:	Ecological Interactions and Dynamics				
Credit Value:	3				
Status:	Optional for BSc Honours in ENCM degree				
Pre-requisite:	ENCM 21703				
Co-requisite:	None				
Hourly breakdown:	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
	40	15	95		

Intended Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this course unit, the student will be able to:

- 1. discuss the biotic and abiotic interactions in animal communities,
- 2. discuss the functional significance of foraging, habitat selection and species coexistence in variable environments,
- 3. explain the models and theories related to animal interactions and distributions,
- 4. discuss the significance of disturbance events on animal communities, and
- 5. apply computer-based simulations to assess ecological interactions.

Course Content:

Overview of ecological interactions. Biotic and abiotic interactions in an ecological community. Biodiversity and ecosystem functioning. Species diversity versus productivity and stability. Ecology of habitat selection and Ideal Free Distribution Theory. Ecological succession and Community Assembly Theory. Biogeographic factors affecting community diversity. Effects of pathogens and zoonotic diseases on animal communities. Species coexistence in variable environments. Foraging interactions: feeding at different trophic levels, modifying food supply, trapping and detecting food, diet selection, fitness maximization and decision making in feeding. Theories on animal foraging: Optimality Theory, Optimal Foraging Theory and Marginal Value Theory. Competition: types of competition, temporal and spatial partitioning of resources, competitive exclusion principle, species co-existence and character displacement, modeling interspecific competition, application of Game Theory to analyze competition. Predation: predator and prey strategies, cannibalism, and modeling predator-prey dynamics. Symbiotic community interactions: parasitism, mutualism and commensalism. Microbiome. Ecology of disturbance: effects of disturbances on natural communities, patchy environments, relic and fugitive species, species resilience, patch dynamics, meta-populations, Intermediate Disturbance Hypothesis. Preference Performance Hypothesis. Dominance and territorial interactions. Kin selection and altruistic interactions. The Socio-ecological System (SES) Theory. Introduction to ecological modelling.

Practical sessions on computer-based simulations on ecological interactions.

Teaching/ Learning Methods:

A combination of lectures and practical sessions, assignments, computer-based learning, student seminars and group discussions.

Assessment Strategy:

Continuous assessment and end of semester examination. Percentage given for each subcomponent indicates the percent contribution to the final marks.

Continuous Assessment	Final Assessment			
35 %	65 %			
Details:	Theory	Practical	Other	
Practical reports 15	65	-	-	

Student seminars	10						
Assignments	10						
Recommended Readings:							
1. Smith, R.L. & T.M. Smith (2015). Elements of Ecology, 9th Edition. Pearson							
Publications.							
2. Mangel, M. (2006). The Theoretical Biologist's Toolbox. Cambridge University							
Press.							
3. Osborne, P. L. (2012). Tropical Ecosystems and Ecological Concepts. 2 nd Edition,							
Cambridge University Press.							
4. Mittelbach, G.G. (2012). Community Ecology. Sinauer Associates.							
5. Recently published scholarly review articles on ecological interactions.							