| Semester: | 3 | | | | |
|-------------------|--|-----------|----------------------|--|--|
| Course Code: | ENCM 21752 | | | | |
| Course Name: | Environmental Policies and Legislation | | | | |
| Credit Value: | 2 | | | | |
| Status: | Compulsory | | | | |
| Pre-requisite: | ENCM 12752 | | | | |
| Co-requisite: | None | | | | |
| Hourly Breakdown: | Theory | Practical | Independent Learning | | |
| | 30 | - | 70 | | |

Intended Learning Outcomes:

completion of this course unit, the student will be able to;

- 1. describe the environmental policies and legislations in Sri Lanka,
- 2. describe environmental conventions and protocols that address global environmental issues and discuss their applicability in Sri Lanka, and
- 3. demonstrate competency in applying the provisions in relevant Acts and Ordinances for environmental conservation and management in Sri Lanka.

Course Content:

Introduction to environmental policy and environmental law; Importance of environmental policy and environmental law for environmental governance in Sri Lanka; Environmental conservation and management policies in Sri Lanka; Constitutional provisions for environmental management in Sri Lanka; Introduction to National Environmental Act and subsequent amendments; National Environmental Regulations and Provincial Environmental conservation and management in Sri Lanka: Flora and Ordinances for Environmental conservation and management in Sri Lanka: Flora and Fauna Protection Ordinance, Forest Conservation Ordinance, Coast Conservation Act, Soil Conservation Act and subsequent amendments, Control of Pesticides Act, Plant Protection Act, Marine Pollution Prevention Act.

Introduction to international environment law; Provisions in the following International conventions and protocols for environmental conservation and management: MARPOL Convention, Basel Convention, Ramsar Convention, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), Kyoto Protocol, Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), United Nation's Law of the Sea Convention (UNCLOS), Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

Teaching /Learning Methods:

A combination of lectures, computer-based learning, self-studies, assignments and small group discussions.

Assessment Strategy: Continuous assessment and end of semester examination. Percentage given for each sub-component indicates the percent contribution to the final marks.

| | Continuous Assessment 30 % | | Final Assessment 70 % | |
|----------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|
| Details: | 10 | Theory | Practical | Other |
| Quizzes | | 70 | - | - |

| Assignments 20 |
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Recommended Readings:

- 1. Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka of 1978 and subsequent amendments.
- 2. National Environmental Act No. 47 of 1980 of Sri Lanka and amendments.
- 3. Bernie P. W., A. E. Boyle & C. Redgwell (2021). International Law and the Environment. 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, UK.
- 4. Global environmental conventions and protocols.
- 5. Acts and Ordinances relevant to environmental conservation and management in Sri Lanka.